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to a duly authorized investigating officer, administrative law judge, officer or employee of the Coast Guard.

[CGD 85-080, 61 FR 1005, Jan. 10, 1996, as amended by CGD 97-057, 62 FR 51050, Sept. 30, 1997]

§185.230 Report of accident to aid to navigation.

Whenever a vessel collides with a buoy, or other aid to navigation under the jurisdiction of the Coast Guard, or is connected with any such collision, the person in charge of such vessel shall report the accident to the nearest OCMI. No report on Form CG 2692 is required unless otherwise required under 185.202.

§ 185.260 Reports of potential vessel casualty.

- (a) An owner, charterer, managing operator, or agent of a vessel shall immediately notify either of the following Coast Guard offices if there is reason to believe the vessel is lost or imperiled:
- (1) The Coast Guard district rescue coordination center (RCC) cognizant over the area in which the vessel was last operating; or
- (2) The Coast Guard search and rescue authority nearest to where the vessel was last operating.
- (b) Reasons for belief that a vessel is in distress include, but are not limited to, lack of communication with or nonappearance of the vessel.
- (c) The owner, charterer, managing operator, or agent notifying the Coast Guard under paragraph (a) of this section, shall provide the name and identification number of the vessel, a description of the vessel, the names or number of individuals on board, and other information that may be requested by the Coast Guard.

§ 185.280 Official Logbook for foreign voyages.

- (a) Every vessel on a voyage from a port in the United States to a foreign port except to a port in Canada, or vice versa, must have an Official Logbook.
- (b) The master shall make or have made in the Official Logbook the following entries:

- (1) Each legal conviction of a seaman of the vessel and the punishment inflicted;
- (2) Each offense committed by a seaman of the vessel for which it is intended to prosecute or to enforce under a forfeiture, together with statements about reading the entry and the reply made to the charge as required by 46 U.S.C. 11502;
- (3) A statement of the conduct, character, and qualifications of each seaman of the vessel or a statement that the master declines to give an opinion about that conduct, character, and qualifications;
- (4) Each illness of or injury to a seaman of the vessel, the nature of the illness or injury, and the medical treatment:
- (5) Each death on board, with the cause of death, and if a seaman, the information required by 46 U.S.C. 10702:
- (i) The wages due to a seaman who dies during the voyage and the gross amount of all deductions to be made from the wages;
- (ii) The sale of the property of a seaman who dies during the voyage, including a statement of each article sold and the amount received for the property;
- (6) Each birth on board, with the sex of the infant and the name of the parents:
- (7) Each marriage on board, with the names and ages of the parties;
- (8) The name of each seaman who ceases to be a crew member (except by death), with the place, time, manner, and the cause why the seaman ceased to be a crew member;
- (9) When a marine casualty occurs, a statement about the casualty and the circumstances under which it occurred, made immediately after the casualty when practicable to do so.

Subpart C—Miscellaneous Operating Requirements

§ 185.304 Navigation underway.

(a) The movement of vessel shall be under the direction and control of the master or a licensed mate at all times. The master shall operate the vessel keeping the safety of the passengers and crew foremost in mind by directing